

Ancient Egypt

Egypt is a country in Africa. People lived in early settlements around the River Nile in Egypt from around 7000 years ago and the Ancient Egyptian civilization started to grow around 3100BBC. The Ancient Egyptian civilization is considered on the of the greatest in history, known for its inventiveness and power. It lasted for just over 3000 years.

Key Knowledge

River Nile

The River Nile provided the Egyptians with many essential resources such as food, trade and transport, fertile land for farming, clothing, bricks and paper. Egyptians had 3 farming seasons: Ahket (flood season), Peret (planting season) and Shamu (harvesting season).

Mummification

The ancient Egyptians had a strong religious belief that when a person died they would return to an 'afterlife' that was almost the same as the life they had when they were alive. In their belief, the body needed to be preserved so that the person could return. Using special processes, the Egyptians removed all the moisture from the body, leaving only a dried form that would not easily decay. The mummification process took seventy days. Each mummy needed hundreds of yards of linen so that it could be completely wrapped up.



Pyramids

The Ancient Egyptians were famous for their pyramids. The Pyramid of Giza was the tallest. It was built over 4500 ago and is made of around 2,300,000 bricks! It is one of the old 'Severn Wonders of the World'. Historians believe it took around 20 years to build.



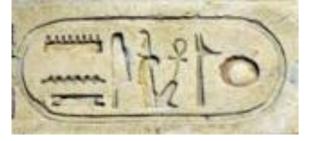
Hieroglpyhics

The Ancient Egyptians created a way of writing using symbols called hieroglyphics. Specially trained scribes were important people because they had the job of writing hieroglyphics. Important people like pharaohs would have their name written inside a special oval shape called a cartouche. In 1799, historians discovered an important clue to help decode the hieroglyphics: The Rosetta Stone.



Tutankhamun One of Egypt's most famous pharaohs. His tomb was discovered almost intact and full of treasure in 1920. He became king when he was only 9 years old.

	Key Voca
canopic jars	The Egyptians used them for saf
cartouches	An oval figure containing the wrissuch as that of royal or divine pe
Egyptian Gods	The Gods and Goddesses of Anci everyday lives. There were over
embalm	To preserve a body by treating it
Hieroglyphs	A script made up of small picture religious texts.
Howard Carter	Egyptologist who discovered Tut
Mummification	A process of preserving bodies t
Organs	The human body contains 5 orgar the heart, brain, kidneys, liver ar
Pharaoh	An ancient Egyptian ruler.
Rosetta Stone	A stone with writing on it in two researchers to translate hierogly
sarcophagus	A stone coffin, typically adorned
Scribe	Important person, specially train
The River Nile	The longest river in Africa and it
tomb	A large vault, typically an underg











bulary

fekeeping of particular human organs.

itten symbols (characters) of an important name, eople.

ient Egypt were an integral part of the people's 2000 gods.

it and wrapping it.

es that was used originally in ancient Egypt for

tankhamun's tomb.

to stop them decaying

ins that are considered vital for survival. They are nd lungs.

languages (Egyptian and Greek). It allowed lyphic writing for the first time d with a sculpture or inscription.

ned to write hieroglyphics.

it runs through Egypt.

ground one, for burying the dead.

				Weller Street					Contraction (Contraction)
Ancient Egypt	Romans and Celts	St Nicholas Church	Queen Elizabeth I	The Great Fire of London	Florence Nightingale	The arrival of the railways	The coronation of Queen Elizabeth II	Moon Landing	Olympic cycle race
7,500BC	750B <i>C</i>	1140	1559	1666	1820	1825	1953	1969	2012
Year 3	Year 3	Year 2	Year 1	Year 2	Year 2	Year 3	Year 1	Year 1	Year 2